

The Health and Care Bill

The implications for primary care and premises

Presentation by Ross Clark

Session outline

- The 5 Year Forward View
- The Health and Care Bill
- What this means for primary care
- What this means for primary care premises

The 5 Year Forward View

- **The 5 Year Forward View (2014)**
 - Accountable Care Organisations (ACOs)
 - Single whole of population contracts (the end of GMS?)
 - Two models for primary care:
 - Primary and Acute Care Systems (PACS):
 - Multispeciality Community Providers (MCPs)
 - But scale was the issue for GPs

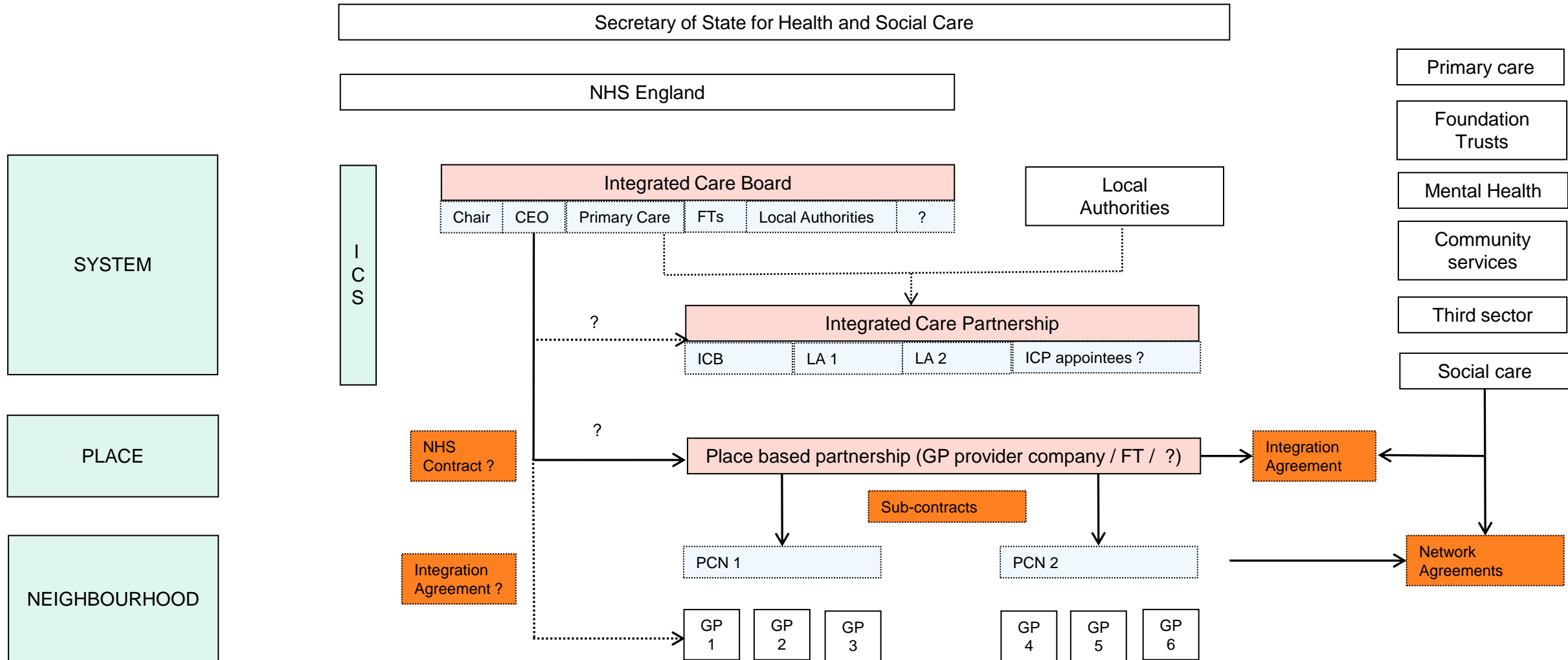
The Health and Care Bill

- Duty to “cooperate” (not collaborate)
- The abolition of competition within the NHS
- Increased powers of Secretary of State, including:
 - To create new trusts
 - The “reconfiguration” of services at local level
- Raft of supporting guidance expected

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- **System**
 - Whole of ICS (1 - 3 million)
 - Strategy and system wide planning
- **Place**
 - Cities or large towns (250,000 - 500,000)
 - Redesigning local services
- **Neighbourhood**
 - PCN footprints (30,000 - 50,000)
 - Delivery

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- **ICB**

- A statutory NHS body corporate
- “*exercise its powers...to secure the provision of primary medical services*”
- Strategic planning and allocation decisions
- Will hold the finances
- Will assume CCGs
- Membership:
 - Chair
 - Chief Executive
 - At least 3 other members (ordinary members), to include:
 - one nominated jointly by NHS trusts and foundation trusts
 - one nominated jointly by person who provide primary medical services
 - one nominated jointly by the local authorities

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- ICP

- A joint committee established by the ICB and each responsible local authority
- Membership:
 - one appointed by the ICB
 - one appointed by each of the responsible local authorities
 - any members appointed by the ICP
- ICP may determine its own procedure including quorum
- ICP required to prepare an integrated care strategy to address health, public health and social care needs (which the ICB will be required to “*have regard to*” when making decisions)
- ICP to have regard to any guidance issued by the SoS

The Health and Care Bill

- Timing
 - ICSs to become statutory bodies in April 2022!
- Several notable issues to be addressed:
 - Long term settlement for social care
 - Long term plan to address workforce shortages (and funding)
 - Boundaries – not co-terminus with a single Local Authority
- The devil is in the detail:
 - A raft of supporting guidance expected in the coming months

What this means for primary care?

- Membership of ICB and the ICP
- Expectation that ICB will delegate significantly to place level
 - Place based partnerships to be left for local determination
 - How do they fit in with the ICP?
 - A battleground for control (FT v GP federations?)
- Abolition of competition:
 - ICB commissioning block contracts at place level?
 - Who will the ICB commission services from?

What this means for primary care?

- DESs are not part of the mandatory provisions of a GMS Contract
 - To form part of the place level block contract?
 - The end of PCNs?
 - But NHSE - PCNs to play “a pivotal role” at local level
- NHSE have recently commissioned a review
 - How ICSs and PCNs should go about improving out of hospital care
 - To report by March 2022

What this means for primary care premises?

- Nothing specific in the Bill
 - But the “reconfiguration” of services at local level by SoS may have an impact on premises generally
- Template Integration Agreement for Partially Integrated MCPs (2016);
 - Parties – MCP, GP Federation and each GP Practice
 - Integration objectives – Estates plan
 - *“The (GP) Providers contribute towards and agree a shared estates strategy, setting out how current premises will be used to support delivery of the model”*
 - *“The Integration Leadership Team will seek to shift activity and service specifications under the respective (GMS/PMS/APMS) Contracts in order to achieve the Integration Objectives”*

What this means for primary care premises?

- Effects on Notional Rent / Rent Reimbursement
- Smaller premises likely to be unsustainable
- Larger / more flexible workspace required
- Do leases permit sub-letting or occupancy by third parties
- Could insurance terms be breached
- Liability for damage

Q&A

- Over to you...

Contact



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